Table title - Table 1: Employment (other than those in the Civil Service) by selected major industries

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the manufacturing in March 2009 was 125700. It represented a decrease of 7.0% or 9500 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the manufacturing in March 2008 was 135200.

Number of manual workers (employment) for the construction sites in March 2009 was 51900. It represented an increase of 2.8% or 1400 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of manual workers (employment) for the construction sites in March 2008 was 50500.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the import and export trade in March 2009 was 496400. It represented a decrease of 4.7% or 24300 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the import and export trade in March 2008 was 520700.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the wholesale in March 2009 was 63400. It represented a decrease of 3.1% or 2000 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the wholesale in March 2008 was 65400.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the retail in March 2009 was 232000. It represented a decrease of 0.6% or 1400 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the retail in March 2008 was 233400.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the food and beverage services in March 2009 was 206200. It represented a decrease of 0.4% or 800 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the food and beverage services in March 2008 was 207000.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the accommodation services in March 2009 was 32000. It represented an increase of 2.7% or 800 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the accommodation services in March 2008 was 31200.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in March 2009 was 158000. It represented an increase of 1.6% or 2500 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in March 2008 was 155500.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the information and communications in March 2009 was 86100. It

represented a decrease of 0.9% or 800 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the information and communications in March 2008 was 86900.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the financing and insurance in March 2009 was 181900. It represented a decrease of 0.6% or 1000 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the financing and insurance in March 2008 was 182900.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the real estate in March 2009 was 104400. It represented a decrease of 1.2% or 1200 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the real estate in March 2008 was 105600.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in March 2009 was 229900. It represented an increase of 0.6% or 1300 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in March 2008 was 228600.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the cleaning and similar services in March 2009 was 56600. It represented an increase of 0.1% or 100 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the cleaning and similar services in March 2008 was 56500.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the education in March 2009 was 157000. It represented an increase of 4.6% or 6900 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the education in March 2008 was 150100.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the human health services in March 2009 was 88500. It represented an increase of 3.0% or 2600 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the human health services in March 2008 was 85900.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the residential care and social work services in March 2009 was 55200. It represented an increase of 0.6% or 300 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the residential care and social work services in March 2008 was 54900.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in March 2009 was 106300. It represented an increase of 0.6% or 600 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in March 2008 was 105700.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the others in March 2009 was 10600. It represented a decrease of 2.8% or 400 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the others in March 2008 was 11000.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the all above industries in March 2009 was 2442200. It represented a decrease of 1.0% or 25000 persons when compared with March 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the all above industries in March 2008 was 2467200.

Notes:

- 1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.
- 2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.
- 3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.
- 4. All the employment/vacancies statistics are compiled based on the HSIC Version 2.0.
- 5. Other industry sections include the industries of mining and quarrying, and electricity, gas and waste management.
- 6. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Table title - Table 2: Vacancies (other than those in the Civil Service) by selected major industries

The number of vacancies for the manufacturing in March 2009 was 660. It represented a decrease of 67% or 1350 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the manufacturing in March 2008 was 2010.

The number of vacancies for manual workers at the construction sites in March 2009 was less than 5. It represented a decrease of 92% or 40 when compared with March 2008. Please refer to "Limitations of the Survey" in Part V of the Quarterly Report of Employment and Vacancies at Construction Sites, March 2009.

The number of vacancies for manual workers at the construction sites in March 2008 was 40.

The number of vacancies for the import and export trade in March 2009 was 2780. It represented a decrease of 69% or 6160 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the import and export trade in March 2008 was 8940.

The number of vacancies for the wholesale in March 2009 was 490. It represented a decrease of 51% or 490 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the wholesale in March 2008 was 980.

The number of vacancies for the retail in March 2009 was 2890. It represented a decrease of 50% or 2840 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the retail in March 2008 was 5730.

The number of vacancies for the food and beverage services in March 2009 was 4870. It represented an increase of 5% or 240 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the food and beverage services in March 2008 was 4630.

The number of vacancies for the accommodation services in March 2009 was 290. It represented a decrease of 62% or 470 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the accommodation services in March 2008 was 760.

The number of vacancies for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in March 2009 was 970. It represented a decrease of 58% or 1360 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in March 2008 was 2330.

The number of vacancies for the information and communications in March 2009 was 880. It represented a decrease

of 58% or 1210 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the information and communications in March 2008 was 2090.

The number of vacancies for the financing and insurance in March 2009 was 1770. It represented a decrease of 66% or 3410 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the financing and insurance in March 2008 was 5180.

The number of vacancies for the real estate in March 2009 was 1520. It represented a decrease of 57% or 2020 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the real estate in March 2008 was 3540.

The number of vacancies for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in March 2009 was 2790. It represented a decrease of 58% or 3910 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in March 2008 was 6700.

The number of vacancies for the cleaning and similar services in March 2009 was 710. It represented a decrease of 21% or 180 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the cleaning and similar services in March 2008 was 890.

The number of vacancies for the education in March 2009 was 1910. It represented a decrease of 20% or 460 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the education in March 2008 was 2370.

The number of vacancies for the human health services in March 2009 was 2000. It represented a decrease of 15% or 350 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the human health services in March 2008 was 2350.

The number of vacancies for the residential care and social work services in March 2009 was 1270. It represented a decrease of 34% or 660 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the residential care and social work services in March 2008 was 1930.

The number of vacancies for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in March 2009 was 1940. It represented a decrease of 66% or 3810 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in March 2008 was 5750.

The number of vacancies for the others in March 2009 was 40. It represented an increase of 3% or less than 5 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the others in March 2008 was 40.

The number of vacancies for the all above industries in March 2009 was 27780. It represented a decrease of 51% or 28470 when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for the all above industries in March 2008 was 56250.

Notes:

- 1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.
- 2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.
- 3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.
- 4. All the employment/vacancies statistics are compiled based on the HSIC Version 2.0.
- 5. Other industry sections include the industries of mining and quarrying, and electricity, gas and waste management.
- 6. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Table title - Table 3: Vacancies (other than those in the Civil Service) by major occupation category

The number of vacancies for managers and administrators in March 2009 was 680. It represented a decrease of 51% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for managers and administrators in March 2008 was 1400.

The number of vacancies for professionals in March 2009 was 2620. It represented a decrease of 46% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for professionals in March 2008 was 4870.

The number of vacancies for associate professionals in March 2009 was 7970. It represented a decrease of 53% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for associate professionals in March 2008 was 17010.

The number of vacancies for clerks in March 2009 was 2750. It represented a decrease of 76% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for clerks in March 2008 was 11430.

The number of vacancies for service workers and shop sales workers in March 2009 was 8750. It represented a decrease of 28% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for service workers and shop sales workers in March 2008 was 12160.

The number of vacancies for craft and related workers in March 2009 was 610. It represented a decrease of 43% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for craft and related workers in March 2008 was 1060.

The number of vacancies for plant and machine operators and assemblers in March 2009 was 380. It represented a decrease of 50% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for plant and machine operators and assemblers in March 2008 was 760.

The number of vacancies for elementary occupations in March 2009 was 4030. It represented a decrease of 47% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies for elementary occupations in March 2008 was 7550.

The number of vacancies in March 2009 was 27780. It represented a decrease of 51% when compared with March 2008.

The number of vacancies in March 2008 was 56250.

Notes:

- 1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.
- 2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.
- 3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.
- 4. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Table title - Table 4 : Changes of employment and vacancies over three-month period (other than those in the Civil Service)

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in March 2009 was -1.1% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -0.7% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in March 2009 was -13.6% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -28.2% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in December 2008 was -0.8% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -1.0% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in December 2008 was -32.7% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -20.4% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in September 2008 was +0.3% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +0.5% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in September 2008 was -7.4% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -12.2% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in June 2008 was +0.6% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +0.2% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in June 2008 was -8.3% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -1.5% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in March 2008 was +0.5% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +0.9% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in March 2008 was +17.0% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -3.0% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Notes:

- 1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.
- 2. The seasonally adjusted data series is subject to routine revision when more up-to-date figures become available.