Table 1: Value index and value of retail sales by broad type of retail outlet for June and July 2009

| Broad type of retail outlet | Value Index ofRetail Sales (Points)(Average ofmonthly indices fromOct. 2004 to Sep. $2005=100$ ) |  | Value of Retail Sales (HK\$ million) |  | Percentage Change <br> (\%) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jun 2009 <br> (Revised <br> figures) | Jul 2009 <br> (Provisional <br> figures) | Jun 2009 <br> (Revised figures) | Jul 2009 (Provisional figures) | Jun 2009 over Jun 2008 |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan - Jul } 2009 \\ \text { over } \\ \text { Jan - Jul } 2008 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| All retail outlets | 125.5 | 135.7 | 21,098 | 22,816 | -4.7 | -5.5 | -4.6 |
| By broad type of retail outlet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food, alcoholic drinks and tobacco (other than supermarkets) | 117.1 | 118.8 | 2,073 | 2,103 | +1.6 | +3.6 | +3.2 |
| - Fish, livestock and poultry, fresh or frozen | 127.2 | 115.1 | 668 | 605 | +1.3 | +6.0 | +6.5 |
| - Fruits and vegetables, fresh | 124.5 | 120.0 | 208 | 200 | -0.2 | +2.1 | -3.2 |
| - Bread, pastry, confectionery and biscuits | 94.9 | 98.7 | 386 | 401 | -6.1 | -4.7 | -1.2 |
| - Alcoholic drinks and tobacco | 156.9 | 176.0 | 288 | 323 | +7.4 | +13.4 | +10.0 |
| - Other foodstuffs | 107.1 | 117.4 | 524 | 574 | +5.9 | +3.1 | +1.0 |
| Supermarkets ${ }^{(1)}$ | 128.9 | 131.5 | 2,930 | 2,988 | +4.3 | +2.5 | +5.1 |
| Fuels | 133.9 | 136.0 | 670 | 681 | -16.1 | -15.9 | -15.0 |
| Clothing, footwear and allied products | 109.6 | 140.8 | 2,459 | 3,158 | -8.3 | -6.6 | -7.1 |
| - Wearing apparel | 108.9 | 143.3 | 2,094 | 2,757 | -8.4 | -5.6 | -7.7 |
| - Footwear, allied products and other clothing accessories | 114.2 | 125.5 | 365 | 401 | -7.7 | -12.4 | -3.6 |
| Consumer durable goods | 111.3 | 120.3 | 3,127 | 3,380 | -9.8 | -16.2 | -13.7 |
| - Motor vehicles and parts | 113.2 | 113.7 | 825 | 829 | -19.0 | -36.4 | -33.5 |
| - Electrical goods and photographic equipment | 107.2 | 124.0 | 1,458 | 1,688 | -6.5 | -8.3 | -4.4 |
| - Furniture and fixtures | 117.6 | 131.8 | 489 | 548 | -4.8 | -2.1 | -6.5 |
| - Other consumer durable goods, not elsewhere classified | 116.3 | 103.2 | 355 | 315 | -5.2 | -4.9 | -8.3 |
| Department stores | 113.1 | 124.0 | 1,950 | 2,138 | -5.9 | -7.8 | -4.6 |
| Jewellery, watches and clocks, and valuable gifts | 162.5 | 174.2 | 3,517 | 3,769 | -8.4 | -0.6 | -5.9 |
| Other consumer goods | 131.4 | 138.3 | 4,371 | 4,600 | -1.5 | -5.6 | -2.7 |
| - Books, newspapers, stationery and gifts | 101.6 | 121.9 | 475 | 570 | -13.7 | -7.2 | -7.4 |
| - Chinese drugs and herbs | 130.6 | 141.3 | 318 | 344 | +4.4 | +2.0 | -3.0 |
| - Optical shops | 121.8 | 130.2 | 160 | 171 | -7.2 | -0.8 | -8.0 |
| - Medicines and cosmetics | 129.5 | 134.2 | 1,589 | 1,647 | +8.6 | -2.4 | +6.9 |
| - Other consumer goods, not elsewhere classified | 145.5 | 148.6 | 1,829 | 1,869 | -6.2 | -9.4 | -8.7 |

(1) These figures do not include sales in supermarket sections of department stores. Supplementary statistics that include such sales are shown below :
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Supermarkets and } & 127.8 & 130.5 & 3,162 & 3,229 & +3.6 & +1.4 & +4.4\end{array}$ supermarket sections of department stores
(2) The sum of individual items and the total shown might not exactly tally because of rounding.
(3) All the retail sales statistics are compiled based on the HSIC Version 2.0.

Table 2: Volume index of retail sales by broad type of retail outlet for June and July 2009

| Broad type of retail outlet | Volume Index of Retail Sales (Points) <br> (Average of monthly indices from Oct. 2004 to Sep. $2005=100$ ) |  | Percentage Change (\%) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jun 2009 (Revised figures) | Jul 2009 (Provisional figures) | Jun 2009 over Jun 2008 | Jul 2009 over <br> Jul 2008 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan - Jul } 2009 \\ \text { over } \\ \text { Jan - Jul } 2008 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| All retail outlets | 113.8 | 123.6 | -4.1 | -5.4 | -5.4 |
| By broad type of retail outlet |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food, alcoholic drinks and tobacco (other than supermarkets) | 92.3 | 94.3 | -1.5 | +1.1 | -1.4 |
| - Fish, livestock and poultry, fresh or frozen | 90.1 | 81.2 | +1.6 | +7.3 | +1.9 |
| - Fruits and vegetables, fresh | 95.7 | 92.9 | +3.4 | +14.2 | -2.1 |
| - Bread, pastry, confectionery and biscuits | 81.2 | 84.4 | -8.0 | -6.4 | -4.4 |
| - Alcoholic drinks and tobacco | 132.5 | 148.7 | -10.8 | -6.4 | -2.7 |
| - Other foodstuffs | 87.8 | 96.7 | +4.8 | +2.5 | -1.6 |
| Supermarkets ${ }^{(1)}$ | 109.4 | 111.4 | +1.2 | -0.5 | -0.9 |
| Fuels | 124.7 | 127.2 | +2.7 | +4.9 | +2.9 |
| Clothing, footwear and allied products | 99.2 | 130.7 | -9.6 | -8.4 | -9.4 |
| - Wearing apparel | 96.3 | 130.4 | -10.5 | -8.3 | -10.4 |
| - Footwear, allied products and other clothing accessories | 117.0 | 132.6 | -5.1 | -9.0 | -4.2 |
| Consumer durable goods | 134.2 | 148.2 | -4.8 | -9.4 | -8.4 |
| - Motor vehicles and parts | 118.2 | 123.3 | -15.2 | -30.7 | -31.0 |
| - Electrical goods and photographic equipment | 147.6 | 173.5 | +0.1 | -0.4 | +2.4 |
| - Furniture and fixtures | 109.5 | 124.3 | -6.2 | -2.5 | -8.4 |
| - Other consumer durable goods, not elsewhere classified | 145.7 | 127.6 | -1.8 | -3.4 | -4.8 |
| Department stores | 107.6 | 119.3 | -6.4 | -8.4 | -5.7 |
| Jewellery, watches and clocks, and valuable gifts | 116.1 | 123.6 | -8.1 | +2.5 | -4.6 |
| Other consumer goods | 121.1 | 123.8 | -1.7 | -8.7 | -5.4 |
| - Books, newspapers, stationery and gifts | 91.0 | 109.2 | -18.0 | -11.7 | -11.5 |
| - Chinese drugs and herbs | 111.6 | 120.6 | +2.3 | +0.4 | -6.1 |
| - Optical shops | 108.5 | 114.2 | -8.1 | -1.4 | -9.3 |
| - Medicines and cosmetics | 114.8 | 118.7 | +5.9 | -4.9 | +2.9 |
| - Other consumer goods, not elsewhere classified | 141.5 | 135.7 | -2.7 | -12.8 | -9.8 |

(1) These figures do not include sales in supermarket sections of department stores. Supplementary statistics that include such sales are shown below :
Supermarkets and
109.4
111.7
$+0.7$
-1.6
-1.2
supermarket sections of
department stores
(2) All the retail sales statistics are compiled based on the HSIC Version 2.0.

Table 3 : Movement of the volume of total retail sales, May 2008 to July 2009

| Original Series |  | Seasonally Adjusted Series |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year / Month | Year-on-year <br> rate of change <br> (\%) | 3 months ending <br> Year / Month | Compared with the <br> 3 months ending <br> Year / Month | Rate of change ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ <br> (\%) |
| 2008 | May | +5.6 | 2008 May | 2008 Feb |

* Provisional figures.
(1) The rate is calculated by comparing the monthly average index for the 3-month period ending the month in question with that for the preceding 3 -month period, e.g. the rate for the 3 months ending Jun. 2009 is the percentage change of the average monthly index for Apr., May and Jun. 2009 compared with the average monthly index for Jan., Feb. and Mar. 2009.
(2) Seasonally adjusted series may be revised as more data become available. For retail sales index, the seasonally adjusted series for the preceding three years are revised each year when the figures for January become available.
(3) Starting from January 2009, seasonal adjustment of the volume index of total retail sales is performed using the X-12 ARIMA method to replace the previous X-11 ARIMA method. Seasonally adjusted figures for past months have also been revised using the X-12 ARIMA method. The X-12 ARIMA method is an update to the X-11 ARIMA method with enhanced modelling and diagnostic capabilities. The X-12 ARIMA method has now been a standard method used by statistical offices for performing seasonal adjustment of statistical series in many countries/territories.
(4) All the retail sales statistics are compiled based on the HSIC Version 2.0.

