Table title - Table 1: Employment (other than those in the Civil Service) by selected major industries

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the manufacturing in June 2009 was 124700. It represented a decrease of 6.2% or 8300 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the manufacturing in June 2008 was 133000.

Number of manual workers (employment) for the construction sites in June 2009 was 48900. It represented a decrease of 1.2% or 700 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of manual workers (employment) for the construction sites in June 2008 was 49600.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the import and export trade in June 2009 was 491000. It represented a decrease of 5.7% or 29900 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the import and export trade in June 2008 was 520900.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the wholesale in June 2009 was 63200. It represented a decrease of 2.1% or 1300 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the wholesale in June 2008 was 64500.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the retail in June 2009 was 232600. It represented a decrease of 1.5% or 3500 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the retail in June 2008 was 236100.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the food and beverage services in June 2009 was 207300. It represented a decrease of 1.4% or 2900 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the food and beverage services in June 2008 was 210200.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the accommodation services in June 2009 was 31500. It represented a decrease of 0.5% or 200 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the accommodation services in June 2008 was 31700.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in June 2009 was 156900. It represented a decrease of 0.1% or 100 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in June 2008 was 157000.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the information and communications in June 2009 was 86900. It

represented a decrease of 3.3% or 2900 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the information and communications in June 2008 was 89800.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the financing and insurance in June 2009 was 182300. It represented a decrease of 1.6% or 2800 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the financing and insurance in June 2008 was 185100.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the real estate in June 2009 was 105200. It represented a decrease of 0.9% or 900 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the real estate in June 2008 was 106100.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in June 2009 was 230700. It represented an increase of 0.5% or 1100 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in June 2008 was 229600.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the cleaning and similar services in June 2009 was 59300. It represented an increase of 2.7% or 1500 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the cleaning and similar services in June 2008 was 57800.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the education in June 2009 was 157600. It represented an increase of 4.5% or 6800 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the education in June 2008 was 150800.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the human health services in June 2009 was 90100. It represented an increase of 4.9% or 4300 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the human health services in June 2008 was 85800.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the residential care and social work services in June 2009 was 55500. It represented an increase of 0.5% or 300 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the residential care and social work services in June 2008 was 55200.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in June 2009 was 108500. It represented an increase of 1.2% or 1300 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in June 2008 was 107200.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the others in June 2009 was 10600. It represented an increase of 1.4% or 100 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the others in June 2008 was 10500.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the all above industries in June 2009 was 2442600. It represented a decrease of 1.5% or 38200 persons when compared with June 2008.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the all above industries in June 2008 was 2480800.

Notes:

- 1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.
- 2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.
- 3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.
- 4. All the employment/vacancies statistics are compiled based on the Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification (HSIC) Version 2.0.
- 5. Other industry sections include the industries of mining and quarrying, and electricity, gas and waste management.
- 6. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Table title - Table 2: Vacancies (other than those in the Civil Service) by selected major industries

The number of vacancies for the manufacturing in June 2009 was 660. It represented a decrease of 67% or 1330 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the manufacturing in June 2008 was 1990.

The number of vacancies for manual workers at the construction sites in June 2009 was less than 5. It represented a decrease of 87% or 30 when compared with June 2008. Please refer to "Limitations of the Survey" in Part V of the Quarterly Report of Employment and Vacancies at Construction Sites, June 2009.

The number of vacancies for manual workers at the construction sites in June 2008 was 30.

The number of vacancies for the import and export trade in June 2009 was 3700. It represented a decrease of 54% or 4420 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the import and export trade in June 2008 was 8120.

The number of vacancies for the wholesale in June 2009 was 610. It represented a decrease of 28% or 240 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the wholesale in June 2008 was 850.

The number of vacancies for the retail in June 2009 was 3660. It represented a decrease of 29% or 1530 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the retail in June 2008 was 5190.

The number of vacancies for the food and beverage services in June 2009 was 4210. It represented a decrease of 14% or 670 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the food and beverage services in June 2008 was 4880.

The number of vacancies for the accommodation services in June 2009 was 270. It represented a decrease of 59% or 400 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the accommodation services in June 2008 was 670.

The number of vacancies for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in June 2009 was 990. It represented a decrease of 49% or 950 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in June 2008 was 1940.

The number of vacancies for the information and communications in June 2009 was 1520. It represented a decrease

of 37% or 870 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the information and communications in June 2008 was 2390.

The number of vacancies for the financing and insurance in June 2009 was 1910. It represented a decrease of 60% or 2910 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the financing and insurance in June 2008 was 4820.

The number of vacancies for the real estate in June 2009 was 1970. It represented a decrease of 37% or 1160 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the real estate in June 2008 was 3130.

The number of vacancies for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in June 2009 was 2820. It represented a decrease of 49% or 2680 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in June 2008 was 5500.

The number of vacancies for the cleaning and similar services in June 2009 was 720. It represented a decrease of 19% or 160 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the cleaning and similar services in June 2008 was 880.

The number of vacancies for the education in June 2009 was 1920. It represented a decrease of 26% or 660 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the education in June 2008 was 2580.

The number of vacancies for the human health services in June 2009 was 2060. It represented a decrease of 17% or 420 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the human health services in June 2008 was 2480.

The number of vacancies for the residential care and social work services in June 2009 was 1500. It represented a decrease of 17% or 320 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the residential care and social work services in June 2008 was 1820.

The number of vacancies for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in June 2009 was 2960. It represented a decrease of 31% or 1300 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in June 2008 was 4260.

The number of vacancies for the others in June 2009 was 50. It represented a decrease of 19% or 10 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the others in June 2008 was 60.

The number of vacancies for the all above industries in June 2009 was 31530. It represented a decrease of 39% or 20060 when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for the all above industries in June 2008 was 51590.

Notes:

- 1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.
- 2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.
- 3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.
- 4. All the employment/vacancies statistics are compiled based on the Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification (HSIC) Version 2.0.
- 5. Other industry sections include the industries of mining and quarrying, and electricity, gas and waste management.
- 6. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Table title - Table 3: Vacancies (other than those in the Civil Service) by major occupation category

The number of vacancies for managers and administrators in June 2009 was 950. It represented a decrease of 23% when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for managers and administrators in June 2008 was 1230.

The number of vacancies for professionals in June 2009 was 3000. It represented a decrease of 40% when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for professionals in June 2008 was 5010.

The number of vacancies for associate professionals in June 2009 was 8670. It represented a decrease of 46% when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for associate professionals in June 2008 was 15960.

The number of vacancies for clerks in June 2009 was 3640. It represented a decrease of 61% when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for clerks in June 2008 was 9430.

The number of vacancies for service workers and shop sales workers in June 2009 was 9550. It represented a decrease of 10% when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for service workers and shop sales workers in June 2008 was 10560.

The number of vacancies for craft and related workers in June 2009 was 850. It represented a decrease of 34% when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for craft and related workers in June 2008 was 1290.

The number of vacancies for plant and machine operators and assemblers in June 2009 was 430. It represented a decrease of 47% when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for plant and machine operators and assemblers in June 2008 was 820.

The number of vacancies for elementary occupations in June 2009 was 4430. It represented a decrease of 39% when compared with June 2008.

The number of vacancies for elementary occupations in June 2008 was 7290.

The number of vacancies in June 2009 was 31530. It represented a decrease of 39% when compared with June 2008. The number of vacancies in June 2008 was 51590.

Notes:

- 1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.
- 2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.
- 3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.
- 4. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

seasonally adjusted), and +20.3% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Table title - Table 4 : Changes of employment and vacancies over three-month period (other than those in the Civil Service)

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in June 2009 was within the range of +0.05% to -0.05% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -0.3% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in June 2009 was +13.5% based on the original series (i.e. not

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in March 2009 was -1.1% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -0.7% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in March 2009 was -13.6% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -28.5% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in December 2008 was -0.8% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -1.0% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in December 2008 was -32.7% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -19.8% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in September 2008 was +0.3% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +0.4% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in September 2008 was -7.4% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -11.5% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in June 2008 was +0.6% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +0.3% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in June 2008 was -8.3% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -2.6% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Notes:

- 1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.
- 2. The seasonally adjusted data series is subject to routine revision when more up-to-date figures become available.