Table title - Table 1 : Employment (other than those in the Civil Service) by selected major industries

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the manufacturing in March 2010 was 122600. It represented a decrease of 2.5% or 3100 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the manufacturing in March 2009 was 125700.

Number of manual workers (employment) for the construction sites in March 2010 was 53900. It represented an increase of 3.8% or 2000 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of manual workers (employment) for the construction sites in March 2009 was 51900.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the import and export trade in March 2010 was 499700. It represented an increase of 0.7% or 3300 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the import and export trade in March 2009 was 496400.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the wholesale in March 2010 was 64600. It represented an increase of 1.9% or 1200 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the wholesale in March 2009 was 63400.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the retail in March 2010 was 240600. It represented an increase of 3.7% or 8600 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the retail in March 2009 was 232000.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the food and beverage services in March 2010 was 215900. It represented an increase of 4.7% or 9700 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the food and beverage services in March 2009 was 206200.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the accommodation services in March 2010 was 31400. It represented a decrease of 1.9% or 600 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the accommodation services in March 2009 was 32000.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in March 2010 was 159400. It represented an increase of 0.9% or 1400 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in March 2009 was 158000.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the information and communications in March 2010 was 87400. It represented an increase of 1.5% or 1300 persons when compared with March 2009.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the information and communications in March 2009 was 86100.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the financing and insurance in March 2010 was 186700. It represented an increase of 2.6% or 4800 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the financing and insurance in March 2009 was 181900.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the real estate in March 2010 was 109700. It represented an increase of 5.1% or 5300 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the real estate in March 2009 was 104400.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in March 2010 was 235200. It represented an increase of 2.3% or 5300 persons when compared with March 2009.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in March 2009 was 229900.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the cleaning and similar services in March 2010 was 64700. It represented an increase of 14.3% or 8100 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the cleaning and similar services in March 2009 was 56600.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the education in March 2010 was 165600. It represented an increase of 5.5% or 8600 persons when compared with March 2009.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the education in March 2009 was 157000.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the human health services in March 2010 was 92100. It represented an increase of 4.1% or 3600 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the human health services in March 2009 was 88500.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the residential care and social work services in March 2010 was 56300. It represented an increase of 2.0% or 1100 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the residential care and social work services in March 2009 was 55200.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in March 2010 was 113600. It represented an increase of 6.8% or 7300 persons when compared with March 2009. Number of persons engaged (employment) for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in March 2009 was 106300.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the others in March 2010 was 10800. It represented an increase of 1.2% or 200 persons when compared with March 2009.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for the others in March 2009 was 10600.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for all above industries in March 2010 was 2510300. It represented an increase of 2.8% or 68100 persons when compared with March 2009.

Number of persons engaged (employment) for all above industries in March 2009 was 2442200.

Notes:

1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.

2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.

3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.

4. All the employment/vacancies statistics are compiled based on the Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification (HSIC) Version 2.0.

5. Other industry sections include the industries of mining and quarrying, and electricity, gas and waste management.

6. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Table title - Table 2 : Vacancies (other than those in the Civil Service) by selected major industries

The number of vacancies for the manufacturing in March 2010 was 1550. It represented an increase of 134% or 890 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the manufacturing in March 2009 was 660.

The number of vacancies for manual workers at construction sites in March 2010 was 50. It represented an increase of 1467% or 50 when compared with March 2009. Please refer to "Limitations of the Survey" in Part V of the Quarterly Report of Employment and Vacancies at Construction Sites, March 2010. The number of vacancies for manual workers at construction sites in March 2009 was less than 5.

The number of vacancies for the import and export trade in March 2010 was 5360. It represented an increase of 93% or 2580 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the import and export trade in March 2009 was 2780.

The number of vacancies for the wholesale in March 2010 was 1190. It represented an increase of 146% or 700 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the wholesale in March 2009 was 490.

The number of vacancies for the retail in March 2010 was 4870. It represented an increase of 68% or 1980 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the retail in March 2009 was 2890.

The number of vacancies for the food and beverage services in March 2010 was 5380. It represented an increase of 10% or 510 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the food and beverage services in March 2009 was 4870.

The number of vacancies for the accommodation services in March 2010 was 760. It represented an increase of 160% or 470 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the accommodation services in March 2009 was 290.

The number of vacancies for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in March 2010 was 1660. It represented an increase of 71% or 690 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the transportation, storage, postal and courier services in March 2009 was 970.

The number of vacancies for the information and communications in March 2010 was 2250. It represented an increase of 155% or 1370 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the information and communications in March 2009 was 880.

The number of vacancies for the financing and insurance in March 2010 was 3700. It represented an increase of 109% or 1930 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the financing and insurance in March 2009 was 1770.

The number of vacancies for the real estate in March 2010 was 2460. It represented an increase of 62% or 940 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the real estate in March 2009 was 1520.

The number of vacancies for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in March 2010 was 4850. It represented an increase of 74% or 2060 when compared with March 2009. The number of vacancies for the professional and business services (excluding cleaning and similar services) in March 2009 was 2790.

The number of vacancies for the cleaning and similar services in March 2010 was 790. It represented an increase of 12% or 80 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the cleaning and similar services in March 2009 was 710.

The number of vacancies for the education in March 2010 was 2210. It represented an increase of 16% or 300 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the education in March 2009 was 1910.

The number of vacancies for the human health services in March 2010 was 2460. It represented an increase of 23% or 460 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the human health services in March 2009 was 2000.

The number of vacancies for the residential care and social work services in March 2010 was 1870. It represented an increase of 47% or 600 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the residential care and social work services in March 2009 was 1270.

The number of vacancies for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in March 2010 was 4510. It represented an increase of 132% or 2570 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the arts, entertainment, recreation and other services in March 2009 was 1940.

The number of vacancies for the others in March 2010 was 50. It represented an increase of 30% or 10 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for the others in March 2009 was 40.

The number of vacancies for all above industries in March 2010 was 45960. It represented an increase of 65% or

18180 when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for all above industries in March 2009 was 27780.

Notes:

1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the

Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.

2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.

3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.

4. All the employment/vacancies statistics are compiled based on the Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification (HSIC) Version 2.0.

5. Other industry sections include the industries of mining and quarrying, and electricity, gas and waste management.

6. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Table title - Table 3 : Vacancies (other than those in the Civil Service) by major occupation category

The number of vacancies for managers and administrators in March 2010 was 1340. It represented an increase of 97% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for managers and administrators in March 2009 was 680.

The number of vacancies for professionals in March 2010 was 4350. It represented an increase of 66% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for professionals in March 2009 was 2620.

The number of vacancies for associate professionals in March 2010 was 12050. It represented an increase of 51% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for associate professionals in March 2009 was 7970.

The number of vacancies for clerks in March 2010 was 6720. It represented an increase of 145% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for clerks in March 2009 was 2750.

The number of vacancies for service workers and shop sales workers in March 2010 was 12470. It represented an increase of 43% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for service workers and shop sales workers in March 2009 was 8750.

The number of vacancies for craft and related workers in March 2010 was 1380. It represented an increase of 127% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for craft and related workers in March 2009 was 610.

The number of vacancies for plant and machine operators and assemblers in March 2010 was 1000. It represented an increase of 163% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for plant and machine operators and assemblers in March 2009 was 380.

The number of vacancies for elementary occupations in March 2010 was 6640. It represented an increase of 65% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies for elementary occupations in March 2009 was 4030.

The number of vacancies in March 2010 was 45960. It represented an increase of 65% when compared with March 2009.

The number of vacancies in March 2009 was 27780.

Notes:

1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the

Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.

- 2. All figures are not seasonally adjusted.
- 3. Percentage change figures are derived from unrounded figures.
- 4. Individual figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Table title - Table 4 : Changes of employment and vacancies over three-month period (other than those in the Civil Service)

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in March 2010 was +0.2% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +0.7% based on the seasonally adjusted series. Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in March 2010 was +33.0% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +13.3% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in December 2009 was +1.6% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +1.3% based on the seasonally adjusted series. Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in December 2009 was -10.9% based on the original series

(i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +7.1% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in September 2009 was +0.9% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +0.9% based on the seasonally adjusted series. Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in September 2009 was +23.0% based on the original series

(i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +14.2% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in June 2009 was at an increase of less than 0.05% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -0.1% based on the seasonally adjusted series. Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in June 2009 was +13.5% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and +19.8% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in employment over three-month period in March 2009 was -1.1% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -0.7% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Percentage change in vacancies over three-month period in March 2009 was -13.6% based on the original series (i.e. not seasonally adjusted), and -26.8% based on the seasonally adjusted series.

Notes:

1. Figures relate only to those industries covered in the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies and the Quarterly Employment Survey of Construction Sites.

2. The seasonally adjusted data series is subject to routine revision when more up-to-date figures become available.