

Table 1 Percentage share of the value added of the relevant industries under various functional constituencies (FCs) in the Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

(Provided by the Census and Statistics Department)

Functional constituency (Excluding Labour, District Council and Heung Yee Kuk)	Percentage share of the value added of the relevant industries in GDP <sup>(1)</sup>				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012 <sup>(2)</sup>
Agriculture and Fisheries (3)	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	@	
Industrial - First (4)	4.4%	4.0%	3.7%	3.4%	
Industrial - Second					
Commercial - First					
Commercial - Second					
Textiles and Garment					
Real Estate and Construction (5)	8.2%	8.7%	8.4%	9.0%	
Import and Export	20.8%	19.6%	19.7%	21.1%	
Wholesale and Retail	3.8%	3.8%	4.1%	4.8%	
Transport (6)	6.1%	6.3%	7.9%	6.3%	
Catering (7)	3.3%	3.1%	3.2%	3.5%	
Tourism					
Information Technology (8)	3.0%	3.0%	3.2%	3.3%	
Finance	17.1%	16.2%	16.4%	16.1%	
Financial Services					
Insurance					
Accountancy (9)	22.2%	23.7%	22.7%	22.2%	
Architectural, Surveying and Planning					
Education					
Engineering					
Health Services					
Legal					
Medical					
Social Welfare					
Sports, Performing Arts, Culture and Publication					
Total (10)	89.0%	88.5%	89.4%	89.8%	

Notes:

- @ Percentage share less than 0.05%.
1. GDP is compiled by the Census and Statistics Department according to international statistical standards. The classification adopted in GDP is based on the Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification Version 2.0 and may not be compatible with the delineation of the functional constituencies.
  2. Figures for 2012 will be released in early 2014.
  3. Figures refer to agriculture, forestry and fishing; and mining and quarrying.
  4. Figures refer to manufacturing, electricity, gas, and water supply and waste management. For the water supply sector, it refers to Water Supplies Department. Its contribution to GDP is relatively not significant. The Commercial FCs are involved in many sectors. Their contribution to GDP of Hong Kong is also reflected in the figures of other FCs.
  5. Figures also include Housing Department.
  6. Figures refer to transportation, storage, postal and courier services.
  7. Figures refer to accommodation and food services, of which accommodation services cover hotels, guesthouses, boarding houses and other establishments providing short-term accommodation. Tourism is a domain comprising economic activities straddling different services sectors which cover retail trade, accommodation services, food and beverage services, passenger transport services and travel agency, reservation service and related activities, etc. Apart from accommodation and food services, the shares in GDP in respect of other sectors relating to tourism are reflected in the figures of other relevant functional constituencies.
  8. Figures refer to information and communications.
  9. Figures refer to professional and business services, public administration, and social and personal services. The figures exclude government departments engaged in market activities (e.g. HongkongPost). Besides, the figures also exclude publishing activities as the various industries related to publishing activities are classified into the manufacturing and information and communications sectors.
  10. Ownership of premises is treated as an economic activity in the national accounts and is covered in GDP. Sum of the percentage shares of value added of all the functional constituencies in GDP in the above table is therefore less than 100%.