香港Hong Kong 氣候Climate 變化Change

報告2015 Report

環境局 Environment Bureau

環境局 - Development Bureau | Transport & Housing Bureau 發展局 | 運輸及房屋局 | 商務及 Commerce & Economic Development Bureau |

經濟發展局 | 食物及衞生局 | 保安局 Food & Health Bureau | Security Bureau

黄錦星KS Wong

環境局局長Secretary for the Environment

2015.11.06

風險和機遇 Threats & Opportunities

減緩 Mitigation

適應 Adaptation

氣候應變能力 Climate Resilience

合作 Collaboration

梁學翹

生於1990年代 音樂家,創稿大學士木,結構及環境工程碩士

讓音樂發揮作用

章華第的《四季》是我最喜愛的樂章之一。作為指揮·我實在無法想像·若地球因全球暖化而再沒有冬天·我還能如何帶領樂團演奏這樂曲。一如大自然的元素一氣候樂也的意識,我們應該欣賞、珍惜和保護它。大自然的元素一氣候樂的主題。為促進公眾對氣候變化的意識,我期望藉推廣聽眾對大自然的愛。熟愛大自然的人必定不會做出破壞它的行為。

Johnson Leung

Born in 1990's Musician, MEng in Civil, Structural and Environmental Engineering, University of Cambridge

Let music play a role

Vivaldi's "Four Seasons" is one of my favourite pieces. As a conductor, I really cannot imagine directing it if there is no more "Winter" due to global warming! Nature, like Music, is a gift from God that should be appreciated, cherished and preserved. So often elements of Nature – the climate, creatures and sceneries are themes of great music. To hasten people's awareness about climate change, I have a vision of promoting music that depicts the beauty of Nature to nurture my audience's love for Nature. Someone who loves Nature would surely refrain from destroying it.

趙燕珊

生於1990年代 香港科技大學工商管理學系三年級

團結締造改變

社會是由每個人的行為結合 而成的:所有人都有其影響 力,亦要對結果負責。香港 人有很多值得港人自豪的地 方,但是我們往往比外人 容易忽略它們:也許我們。 發情批評、忘記了讚可持懷 可理想是為人們帶來可懷著 對香港的驕傲、愛和責任, 對香港的驕傲、愛和責任, 對香港的驕傲、愛和責任, 對香港的聽傲、愛和責任, ,應對氣候變化和其他眼 前的挑戰。



Karen Chiu

Born in 1990's Year 3 in BBA, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology

Unite to create the change we want

Society is shaped by the collective behaviour of individuals. All of us have influence on and is responsible for the outcome. Hong Kong has many merits that Honkongers could be so proud of, yet we tend to overlook them ourselves; we may all be suffering from a culture that weakness is emphasized but virtue not appreciated. I am committed to bringing people a sustainable and fulfilling lifestyle. Bearing in mind our pride, love and responsibility for Hong Kong, let us minimize energy and resource usage, devote to green initiatives, and unite together to tackle climate change and other challenges ahead.

車峻瑋 逐口改變世界 氣候變化並非任何單一國家 的問題。我認為它是影響所 有人的國際安全問題。極端

氣候事件將日趨頻繁·許多 人的生命被受威脅。我們所

有人都能做的一件事·就是

採取素食,減緩全球暖化。所以,就讓我們一同"逐口改變

世界。

Ray Chair

Born in 1980's Creative Officer, Green Monday

Change by every bite we take Climate change is not just the problem of any one country. To me, it is a global security issue that affects everyone. Extreme weather will be more frequent in the future and it will affect the survival of many people in the world. One thing we can all do is to adopt a vegetarian diet, which can slow down global warming. So, let's change the world with 'every bite we take'.



江穎敏

生於1990年代 2014年香港十大優秀青年,見習環境工程師,瑞峰工程有限公司

推動世界作正面改變

Samantha Kong Wing Man

Born in 1990's Hong Kong Top 10 Outstanding Youth 2014, Graduate Environmental Engineer, SMEC Asia Limited

Promote positive change in the world

Climate change is the toughest and most important environmental issue that requires at least two generations to get it under control. Upon graduation. I worked at the United Nations Headquarters where I observed the negotiation process of the UN Sustainable Development Goals, I realised slowing global warming is imperative for achieving a world free from suffering. On climate change, there is no overriding consensus as it is a substantial issue threatening both people and society. I will be participating at COP21 in Paris and I hope to pursue further studies to promote positive change in the world.

I: 風險和機遇 Threats & Opportunities

2

採取低碳之路帶來 社會經濟效益 Adopting the low carbon path brings many socioeconomic benefits

協調各方努力 以達致最大效益 Benefits are maximized when efforts are coordinated

環境局負責協調 政府部門和 私營機構 ENB's responsibility is to coordinate internally & externally

市民大眾攜手同心 一同應對氣候變化 Society must work hard too – everyone must contribute

氣候變化的影響

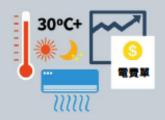
負面影響



環境惡化和損害



極端天氣影響每個人, 尤其是戶外工作人士 和居住在易受影響 地區的居民



生活成本上漲 給低收入家庭倍添壓力



居住條件欠佳的居民 面臨更大 健康影響和 感染傳染病的風險

正面影響



新工作以 帶動低碳增長



節省金錢



更妥善地分享資源



建築環境更智能、更環保和更健康,城市更緣 化美觀,交通更便捷



生物多樣性和 生態系統更健康, 更佳的休閑機會



社區及持份者合作增強社會凝聚力

Climate Change Impacts

NEGATIVE IMPACTS

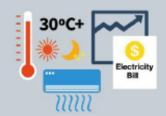




extreme weather affects everyone, especially outdoor workers and those living in vulnerable areas

loss/damage





rising cost of living that put most pressure on low income families



greater health impacts on those living in crowded conditions and risk of infectious diseases

POSITIVE IMPACTS



New jobs to spur low carbon growth



Saving





smarter, greener and healthier buildings, greener and more beautiful city, shorter commuting time

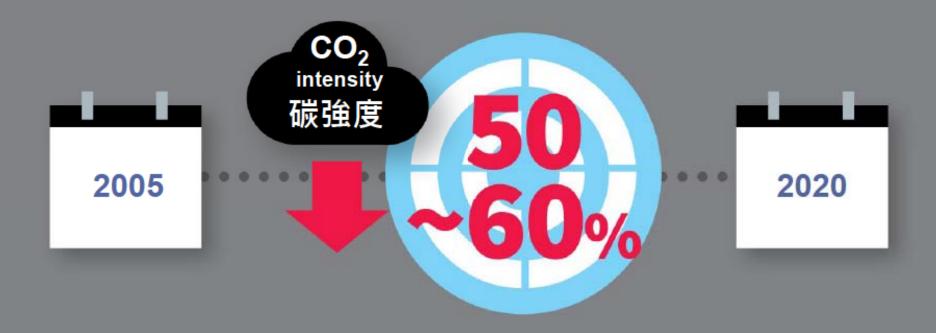


healthier biodiversity and ecosystems, better recreational opportunities



district and stakeholder collaboration leads to greater social cohesion

II: 減緩 Mitigation



主要的減排措施

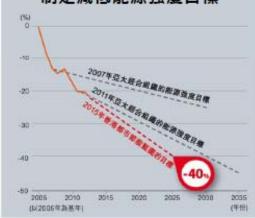
改善發電燃料組合

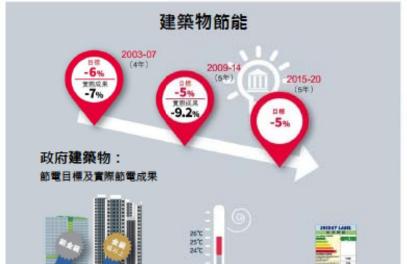




使用更清潔燃料(如 天然氣),發展可再 生能源和分佈式發電

制定減低能源強度目標





改善空調

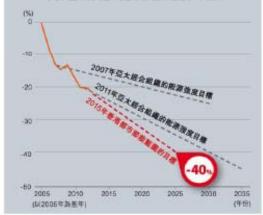
效能

改善建築

物管理



- 更好的景觀網絡
- 增加生物多樣性 和種植本地物種/ 都市農耕
- 研究「藍綠」 建設以改善環境 質素





推動電動和具能源效益的汽車和更清潔燃料



擴展鐵路及優先 發展公共交通工具



在運輸界實施 節省能源



推廣具能源效益的 汽車和更清潔燃料



綠色建築標準

設計和建設

體驗

轉廢為能

使用更多高能源

效益的電器

延長建築

物壽命







從廢物處理中回收能源, 包括有機廢物



堆填氣體



從污水 處理中 回收能源

MITIGATION MEASURES

Revamping Electricity Fuel Mix

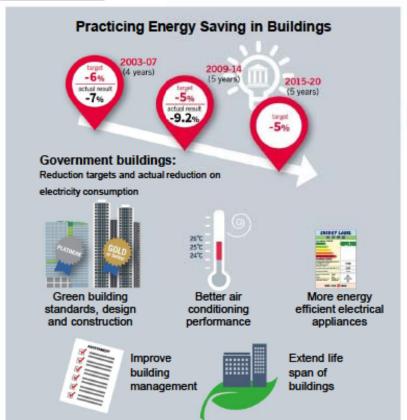


Reduce coal usage



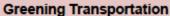
Use cleaner fuels (e.g. natural gas) develop RE and distributed power

Setting Energy Intensity Reduction Targets 2007 APEC Reduction Target 3011 APEC Reduction Target 40 2006 2010 2015 2020 2025 2030 2036 (paar)





- Better landscape networks
- Enhance biodiversity and native planting / urban agriculture
- Explore blue-green infrastructures to improve external environmental qualities



promote electric and energy efficient vehicles and cleaner fuel



Extend rail and prioritise public transport



Energy saving across transport sector



Promote energy efficient vehicles and cleaner fuels



Improve pedestrian experience

Turning Waste-to-Resources



Implement waste reduction, reuse and recycling plans



Recover energy from waste treatment, including organic waste



Maximise use of landfill gases



Capture energy from waste water treatment

香港都市

2015~2025+



For Hong Kong's Built Environment 2015~2025+





發展局 運輸及房屋局 合力支持

2015年5月

III: 適應 Adaptation

1

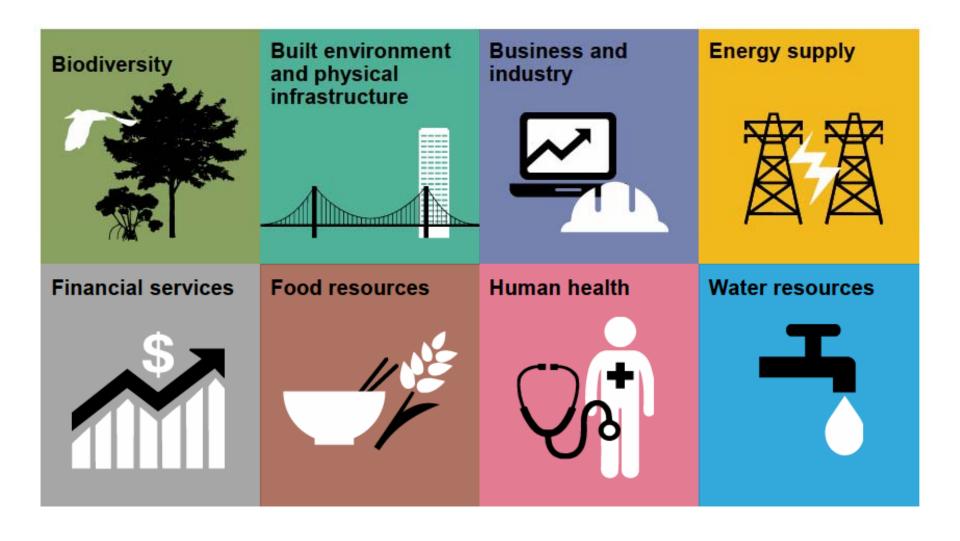
氣候變化 影響每個人 Climate change affects everyone 2

香港必須從政府、 私營機構、地區及 個人層面適應 更多的極端氣候 Hong Kong must adapt to more extreme weather – government, private sector, districts and individuals

香港因氣候變化而可能受影響的脆弱性範疇



Possible major climate change impacts affecting HK



對商業、工業和金融的影響



我們的工商業 須要有能力 應對氣候變化 商業和工業





氣候相關 的保險將 越來越重要

金融服務



綠色金融是本地和全球 低碳綠色經濟的必要工具



Impact on Business, Industry and Finance







Financial services



Green finance is vital to the transition to a greener and low carbon local and global economy



Climate related insurance will also be a growing area of importance

IV: 氣候應變能力 Climate Resilience

加強應變能力的途徑 PATH TO STRENGTHEN RESILIENCE

就資訊差 距和監控 變化進行 研究

加強機構 能力和 政策重點

進行 演習 適時更新 災難和緊急 應變計劃 改善與私營 機構的對話 和協調

提高社區 意識

1



Conduct

studies on information gaps and monitor changes





Strengthen institutional capacity and policy focus





drills



4

Update disaster and emergency planning from time to time





Improve dialogue and coordination with private sector





V: 合作 Collaboration

我們必須 WE MUST 通力合作 COLLABORATE

年青人已準備好 Young People Are Ready – 這是他們的聲音 Hear THEIR VOICES

