# The Independent Commission on Remuneration for Members of the Executive Council and the Legislature, and Officials under the Political Appointment System of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

Report on the Remuneration Package for Politically-Appointed Officials serving in the Fifth-Term HKSAR Government

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#### **CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION**

- 1.1 The Independent Commission on Remuneration for Members of the Executive Council and the Legislature, and Officials under the Political Appointment System of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("the Independent Commission") is appointed by the Chief Executive ("CE") to, inter alia, advise the Government on the remuneration package for Members of the Executive Council ("ExCo"), the Legislative Council ("LegCo") and Politically-Appointed Officials ("PAOs"). The terms of reference and membership of the Independent Commission are at **Annex A** and **Annex B** respectively.
- 1.2 According to its terms of reference, the Independent Commission "carries out periodic review of the remuneration package for Officials under the Political Appointment System, say once every five years and normally about a year before the start of a new term of the HKSAR Government". With the fifth-term HKSAR Government ("HKSARG") due to assume office in July 2017, the Independent Commission has completed a review of the remuneration package for existing positions of PAOs, on the basis that such positions will continue to exist in the fifth-term HKSARG. The considerations and recommendations of the Independent Commission are set out in Chapters 2 to 6.

#### **Background**

1.3 Before the introduction of the Political Appointment System in July 2002<sup>1</sup>, the Government commissioned a consultant to conduct a study and recommend an appropriate remuneration package for the PAOs. The consultant surveyed the remuneration of 56 chief executive officers ("CEOs") in Hong Kong. The median remuneration package of the CEOs at that time was over \$6 million. The consultant recommended that a downward adjustment differential be considered and that the

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A total of 14 PAOs, i.e., three Secretaries of Department (the Chief Secretary for Administration, the Financial Secretary and the Secretary for Justice) and 11 Directors of Bureau, were appointed on contract.

remuneration package for Directors of Bureau ("DoBs") be set between \$3.66 million and \$3.99 million, which fell within the 15th to 20th percentile of the total remuneration of the CEOs surveyed (\$3.48 million per annum and \$4.48 million per annum respectively).

- 1.4 Subsequently, for the purpose of setting the remuneration of DoBs and other senior officials under the Political Appointment System, the HKSARG made a decision to
  - (a) cap the value of the remuneration package for DoBs at \$3.76 million<sup>2</sup>, which was equivalent to the annual weighted average costs to the taxpayer of the remuneration package for civil servants at D8 Level; and
  - (b) set the pay differential between DoBs and the Secretaries of Department ("SoDs"), i.e., the Secretary for Justice ("SJ"), the Financial Secretary ("FS") and the Chief Secretary for Administration ("CS") at 3.5% for each tier.
- 1.5 The above proposals were approved by the LegCo Finance Committee ("FC") in 2002<sup>3</sup>.
- In 2007, the Political Appointment System was expanded with the creation of two additional layers of PAOs, namely Deputy Directors of Bureau ("DDoBs") and Political Assistants ("PAs"). Based on the remuneration ranges approved by the LegCo FC, the cash remuneration for DDoBs is pitched at a range equivalent to 65% to 75%<sup>4</sup>

In accordance with the remuneration package approved by the LegCo FC in June 2002, the cash remuneration for DoBs would be subject to a downward adjustment according to the 2002 civil service pay cut (-4.42%). As a result, the monthly cash remuneration for DoBs was reduced from \$311,900 to \$298,115 per month.

The remuneration package for DoBs proposed by the Government comprised three parts, i.e. \$3,742,800 per annum for cash remuneration (\$311,900 per month), \$12,000 per annum for MPF contribution and \$5,808 for medical and dental coverage a year. The cash remuneration proposed was 38.1% below the median total direct compensation of the CEOs surveyed (\$6,045,000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The remuneration range for DDoBs was broadly equivalent to the remuneration of a D4 to D6 civil servant on agreement terms with all allowances and end-of-contract gratuity encashed.

of that for a DoB. As regards PAs, their cash remuneration is pitched at a range equivalent to 35% to 55%<sup>5</sup> of that for a DoB.

1.7 As at November 2016, the Political Appointment System comprises 43 positions<sup>6</sup>, of which 41 are filled.

# **Remuneration Package for PAOs**

#### **Cash Remuneration**

1.8 The current monthly cash remuneration for SoDs and DoBs has remained at the same level as approved by the LegCo FC in 2002, and that for DDoBs and PAs in 2007. Details are tabulated as follows –

Position	Monthly cash remuneration approved by the LegCo FC (HK\$)					
Since 2002						
CS	330,565					
FS	319,385					
SJ	308,585					
DoBs Director of the CE's Office	298,115					
Since 2007						
DDoBs	193,775 - 223,585					
PAs	104,340 - 163,960					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The remuneration range for PAs was broadly equivalent to the remuneration of a senior professional to D2 civil servant on agreement terms with all allowances and end-of-contract gratuity encashed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The current 43 PAO positions comprise 3 SoDs, 13 DoBs, 1 Director of the CE's Office, 12 DDoBs and 14 PAs (two of these posts are vacant).

#### **Other Benefits**

1.9 In addition to cash remuneration, the other components of the remuneration package for PAOs are detailed at paragraph 5.1 below.

## Adjustment to the PAOs' Remuneration

- 1.10 There is no annual adjustment mechanism for PAOs' remuneration. On the contrary, there had been two occasions of voluntary pay reduction by PAOs, namely,
  - (a) 10% voluntary reduction since 1 April 2003 (subsequently restored on 1 July 2007); and
  - (b) 5.38% voluntary reduction since 1 July 2009 (subsequently restored on 1 February 2015).

In the absence of an annual adjustment mechanism, the current monthly cash remuneration has remained the same as that approved by the LegCo FC in 2002 or 2007 for different layers of PAOs.

# CHAPTER 2: GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND CONSIDERATIONS

# **General Principles and Considerations**

- 2.1 During the review process, the Independent Commission has paid due regard to the following general principles and considerations
  - (a) performance of Hong Kong's economy;
  - (b) changes in Consumer Price Index (C) ("CPI(C)"); and
  - (c) remuneration for PAOs should be commensurate with their responsibilities.
- 2.2 The Independent Commission notes that market pay practices for CEOs in the private sector with levels of responsibilities comparable to PAOs may not provide the most relevant reference given the inherent differences in the remuneration systems between the private and public sectors. As such, in undertaking the review, Members have decided that there should be no need to engage a consultant to conduct a market survey on the remuneration package of CEOs of private companies or non-governmental organisations, etc. However, the Independent Commission considers that the remuneration package of the heads of selected public statutory and other bodies (details at <u>Annex C</u>) may provide useful reference for its current review.

# CHAPTER 3: ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM FOR THE REMUNERATION FOR PAOS

#### **Current Situation**

At present, there is no annual adjustment mechanism for the remuneration for PAOs, and the pay level of PAOs' remuneration has remained unchanged since 2002 (or 2007 as the case may be). This means that the real value of the remuneration for PAOs has declined substantially over the years due to inflation.

#### Consideration

- 3.2 The Independent Commission considers it essential and of utmost importance to put in place an objective and transparent annual adjustment mechanism to ensure that the remuneration of PAOs in terms of purchasing power is maintained at an appropriate level and thus need to be adjusted in line with movements of inflation.
- 3.3 The Independent Commission has considered the option of adjusting PAOs' remuneration according to civil service pay adjustments. Nevertheless, when the Political Appointment System was introduced in 2002, it was agreed that PAOs' remuneration packages should not be linked to that of the civil service. Also, pegging PAOs' remuneration to civil service pay could create concerns about potential conflicts of interest, as civil service pay adjustments are decided by the CE-in-Council in which SoDs and DoBs are serving as ex-officio members.
- 3.4 The Independent Commission notes that the remuneration of Members of the ExCo and the LegCo are adjusted in line with the movement of CPI(C) on an annual basis. The CPI(C) is an objective and transparent economic indicator which measures the changes over time in the price level of consumer goods and services generally purchased by households in the relatively high expenditure range, which should also be relevant to PAOs.

# Recommendation

3.5 The Independent Commission recommends that the remuneration for PAOs should be adjusted annually in line with the movement of CPI(C).

#### CHAPTER 4: CASH REMUNERATION OF PAOS

#### **Directors of Bureau**

4.1 The cash remuneration for DoBs is the benchmark for determining the levels of cash remuneration for other PAOs. The annual remuneration approved by the LegCo FC in 2002 for DoBs is \$3,577,380 (\$298,115 per month).

#### **Consideration**

4.2 In considering whether the current level of DoBs' cash remuneration is appropriate or should require modification, the Independent Commission has taken into account the following –

#### (a) <u>Performance of Hong Kong's economy</u>

Hong Kong's economy has continued to grow; with cumulative growth in Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") between 2002 and 2015 amounting to 68.5% in real terms.

### (b) Changes in CPI(C)

The cumulative increase in CPI(C) from 2002 to 2016 is estimated to be 34.7% (the figure for 2016 is estimated to be 2.5%).

# (c) Remuneration for DoBs should be commensurate with their responsibilities

DoBs are each responsible for a wide range of policy portfolios as entrusted by the CE and for overseeing the underpinning executive departments. DoBs are responsible for formulating, explaining and defending government policies as well as canvassing support from the public and the LegCo. It has been increasingly challenging for DoBs

to carry out their duties under the prevailing social, economic and political environment.

- 4.3 In addition, the Independent Commission also notes that the prevailing level of remuneration for a DoB, at \$298,115 per month (or \$3,577,380 per annum),
  - (a) is the same as in 2002 when the Political Appointment System was first introduced, and no adjustment to the remuneration level has been made for the past 14 years;
  - (b) does not reflect the economic growth or the cumulative increase in CPI(C) since 2002;
  - As set out in Annex C, the total annual remuneration of the heads of a number of statutory and other bodies ranges from \$4 million to \$14.1 million. The Independent Commission considers that the remuneration of DoBs should be set at a reasonable level when compared to heads of statutory and other bodies, as the latter could be seen as competing for similarly high calibre talents who wish to engage in public service;
  - (d) has fallen behind increases in the private sector pay. According to a study released by a management consultant firm in January 2014<sup>7</sup>, the median annual remuneration of CEOs among some 230 listed companies in Hong Kong was about \$10.62 million. The Independent Commission notes that there is a significant difference in the pay of CEOs of listed companies and that of DoBs, although Members also notes that the community may not generally accept DoBs to be paid on a par with CEOs of listed companies;
  - (e) is not commensurate with the level of responsibility for DoBs. Indeed, the remuneration for PAOs should be

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> "Hong Kong CEOs and How They are Paid" conducted by the Hay Group.

pitched at an attractive level to facilitate the recruitment and retention of high calibre talents to serve such important positions in the HKSAR Government; and

- (f) has fallen behind the remuneration for permanent secretaries in the civil service. While the total remuneration package of permanent secretaries cannot be easily measured by a "cash value", the small difference between the monthly cash remuneration of DoBs (\$298,115) and the salary of permanent secretaries (\$265,750 to \$273,700) indicates that DoBs' remuneration is no longer comparable to and clearly less favourable than the permanent secretaries' given the difference in their benefits package. Since the DoBs are ultimately responsible for the designated policy portfolios and accountable for the performance of the underpinning executive departments, as a matter of principle, the remuneration of DoBs should not lag behind the senior civil servants that DoBs are working with.
- 4.4 On the other hand, the Independent Commission recognises that the community generally considers that DoBs appointments come with great honour and thus cash remuneration should not be the primary incentive for attracting high calibre talents to take up such appointments.
- 4.5 The Independent Commission also appreciates that any proposed increase in pay level of DoBs would need to take into account the latest economic outlook of the Hong Kong economy, where the real GDP growth forecast for 2016 as a whole is forecast to be at a meagre level of 1-2% only, and the global economic outlook remains uncertain.

#### Recommendation

Taking all factors into consideration, the Independent Commission recommends that the cash remuneration for DoBs for the fifth-term HKSARG should be increased by 12.4%, which is equivalent to the cumulative change in CPI(C) from 2012 to 2016 (the figure for 2016 is estimated to be 2.5%), i.e., from \$3,577,380 to \$4,021,200 per

annum, or from \$298,115 to \$335,100 per month.

4.7 The Independent Commission considers that this proposed increase is moderate and reasonable, since it would compensate for the erosion of the purchasing power of a DoB's cash remuneration since 2012 (when the Independent Commission completed its last review) and reflect the growth of Hong Kong's economy since then. However, the Independent Commission is also of the view that a fair and comprehensive review of DoBs' remuneration may be considered sometime in future, with a view to restoring it to the "real value" of the original package approved by the LegCo FC in 2002.

#### **Secretaries of Departments**

4.8 At present, the differential in cash remuneration between DoBs, SJ, FS and CS remains at 3.5% for each tier.

#### **Consideration and Recommendation**

On the basis that there is no substantial change in their roles and responsibilities, the Independent Commission recommends to maintain the current 3.5% pay differential for different layers of SoDs and with DoBs for the fifth-term HKSARG. Assuming the Independent Commission's recommendation of a 12.4% increase in cash remuneration for DoBs, the total cash remuneration for SJ, FS and CS will become \$4,162,200, \$4,308,000 and \$4,458,600 per annum, or \$346,850, \$359,000 and \$371,550 per month respectively.

#### **Deputy Directors of Bureau**

4.10 At present, the cash remuneration for DDoBs is set at 65% to 75% of that for DoBs.

#### **Consideration and Recommendation**

4.11 On the basis that there is no substantial change in their roles and responsibilities, the Independent Commission recommends to

maintain the prevailing arrangement. The remuneration increase proposal by 12.4% will bring the total cash remuneration for DDoBs to \$2,613,600 – \$3,016,200 per annum, or \$217,800 – \$251,350 per month.

#### **Political Assistants**

4.12 At present, the cash remuneration for PAs is set at 35% to 55% of that for DoBs.

#### Consideration

4.13 The Independent Commission notes that PAs will perform a range of duties in accordance with the functional requirements as decided on by individual DoBs. PAs may come from a wide spectrum of candidates with different qualifications, backgrounds and work experience. The Independent Commission also notes that for the fourth-term HKSARG, the cash remuneration for all serving PAs engaged by the corresponding SoDs and DoBs has been fixed at the minimum level, i.e., 35% of a DoB's remuneration without variation, i.e., \$104,340 per month. Some consider that such standard arrangement does not reflect the diversity of job requirements or functions among the PAs, as stipulated by individual DoBs.

#### Recommendation

Rather than setting a fixed level of cash remuneration among the PAs, the Independent Commission recommends an arrangement whereby the cash remuneration for each PA engaged by a SoD or DoB is capped at 35% of the remuneration for DoBs, i.e., not more than \$1,252,080 per annum or \$104,340 per month. It would be for the SoD or the DoB to decide on the appropriate level that his/her PA should be paid based on the functional requirements of the job but within the ceiling of \$104,340 per month. The SoD or the DoB may wish to redeploy any unspent savings to engage other support in order to achieve the objectives of the respective department or bureau in the most cost effective manner.

# CHAPTER 5: OTHER COMPONENTS OF THE REMUNERATION PACKAGE

#### **Other Remuneration Components**

- 5.1 In addition to cash remuneration, the PAOs are eligible for
  - (a) annual leave of 22 days per annum;
  - (b) medical and dental benefits on the same basis as those provided to civil servants during the term of their employment;
  - (c) Mandatory Provident Fund contribution by the Government;
  - (d) use of a car and driver when in Hong Kong at his/her discretion for each of the SoDs and DoBs as well as for the Director of the CE's Office. Departmental transport for DDoBs is provided by relevant policy bureaux/offices from their internal resources; and
  - (e) an official residence with domestic staff and a non-accountable entertainment allowance for each of the SoDs.

#### Consideration

The Independent Commission generally considers that the above components should continue to be adopted for PAOs serving in the fifth-term HKSARG. This notwithstanding, the Independent Commission recommends that PAOs' annual leave arrangement, and medical and dental benefits are possible areas that could be further examined by the Government sometime in future, outside the context of the Independent Commission's periodic review. The Independent Commission's considerations are elaborated in the following paragraphs.

#### **Annual Leave**

- The Independent Commission notes that currently, subject to a maximum accumulation limit of 22 days, any accumulated leave will be forfeited upon the PAOs leaving office. As a reference, for the third-term HKSARG, about one-third of the PAOs forfeited more than half of their annual leave entitlement when leaving office, largely because they were unable to take leave during their term of office due to work requirements. This seems unfair and is different from the arrangements for civil servants on new agreement terms, under which officers are allowed to encash their leave balance accrued up to and including the end date of the appointment.
- The Independent Commission considers that, within the parameters of the stipulated annual leave entitlement of 22 days, the Government may wish to consider whether and, if so, how to provide a suitable degree of flexibility to allow PAOs to encash their leave balance accrued up to and including the end date of their appointment, modelling on existing arrangement for civil servants on new agreement terms.

#### **Medical and Dental Benefits**

- 5.5 The Independent Commission notes that medical and dental benefits for PAOs during the term of their employment are provided on the same basis as those provided to civil servants.
- The Independent Commission appreciates that PAOs recruited from outside the civil service may be more familiar with the private sector employment environment and may prefer choices other than the Hospital Authority's standard services. In this connection, the Independent Commission notes that it is also a common practice for the private sector and even statutory bodies to take out group insurance policies for their senior executives. It may offer PAOs better flexibility if they can resort to medical and dental insurance packages through an encashment arrangement.

5.7 The Independent Commission recognises that the level of medical and dental benefits that different layers of PAOs should be entitled to require careful examination and justification. The Independent Commission therefore considers this an area for possible in-depth study sometime in future.

#### Recommendation

5.8 The Independent Commission recommends no change at this stage to the other components of the remuneration package, including annual leave arrangement and medical and dental benefits, for PAOs serving in the fifth-term HKSARG.

#### **CHAPTER 6: SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 6.1 To sum up, the Independent Commission recommends
  - (a) the remuneration for PAOs be adjusted annually in line with the movement of CPI(C);
  - (b) the cash remuneration for DoBs should be increased by 12.4%, which is equivalent to the cumulative change in CPI(C) from 2012 to 2016 (the figure for 2016 is estimated to be 2.5%), i.e., from \$3,577,380 to \$4,021,200 per annum, or from \$298,115 to \$335,100 per month;
  - (c) the differential in cash remuneration between DoBs, SJ, FS and CS remains at 3.5% for each tier;
  - (d) the cash remuneration for DDoBs is set at 65% to 75% of that for DoBs;
  - (e) the cash remuneration for each PA engaged by a SoD or DoB be capped at 35% of the remuneration for DoBs, i.e. not more than \$1,252,080 per annum or \$104,340 per month. It would be for the SoD or the DoB to decide on the exact level that his/her PA should be paid within the ceiling of \$104,340 per month based on the functional requirements of the job, and how to redeploy any unspent savings to engage other support in order to achieve the objectives of the respective department or bureau in the most cost effective manner; and
  - (f) no change to the other components of the remuneration package for PAOs at this stage.
- 6.2 Details of the recommended remuneration package for PAOs serving in the fifth-term HKSARG are set out in **Annex D**.

# Independent Commission on Remuneration for Members of the Executive Council and the Legislature, and Officials under the Political Appointment System of the HKSAR

## (Appointed by the Chief Executive)

#### **Terms of Reference**

#### The Independent Commission –

- a. considers the system of remuneration for Members of the Executive Council and the Legislative Council, and Officials under the Political Appointment System of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR), taking into account any factor that may affect the level of such remuneration and allowances;
- b. carries out periodic review of the remuneration package for Members of the Legislative Council of the HKSAR, say once every three to five years and normally about a year before the start of a new Legislative Council term;
- c. carries out periodic review of the remuneration package for Officials under the Political Appointment System, say once every five years and normally about a year before the start of a new term of the HKSAR Government;
- d. considers the appropriate level of remuneration for those with multiple membership on the Executive Council and the Legislative Council of the HKSAR in deliberating on the above issues; and
- e. advises the Government on any matter relating to the remuneration package for Members of the Executive Council and the Legislative Council, and Officials under the Political Appointment System of the HKSAR which the Government may refer to the Independent Commission from time to time.

# Annex B

# **Membership of the Independent Commission**

# **Chairman**

Mr. Nicky LO Kar-chun, S.B.S., J.P.

# <u>Members</u>

Ms. Kelly CHAN Yuen-sau

Mr. Andrew FUNG Hau-chung, J.P.

Professor Leonard CHENG Kwok-hon, B.B.S., J.P.

Ms. LAU Ka-shi, B.B.S.

Ms. Elaine LO Yuen-man

## **Annex C**

# Comparison of remuneration package of heads of selected statutory and other bodies (2014-15)

	Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks Corporation	Urban Renewal Authority	Tourism Board	Mandatory Provident Fund Authority	Trade Development Council	Securities and Futures Commission	Airport Authority	Hong Kong Monetary Authority	Mass Transit Railway Corporation Limited
Salary	\$4,000,001 - \$4,500,000	\$3,527,000	\$3,903,000	\$4,350,415 <sup>1</sup>	\$6,021,000 <sup>2</sup>	\$6,582,000 <sup>3</sup>	\$6,122,000	\$6,715,000	\$8,400,000
Other remuneration components	ψ 1,500,000	\$1,075,000	\$1,119,000	\$1,269,259 <sup>5</sup>	\$1,603,000 <sup>6</sup>	\$2,830,000 <sup>7</sup>	\$3,684,000	\$3,517,000	\$5,700,000 <sup>8</sup>
Total	\$4,000,001 - \$4,500,000	\$4,602,000	\$5,022,000	\$5,619,674	\$7,624,000	\$9,412,000	\$9,806,000	\$10,232,000	\$14,100,000

Salaries and other benefits.
 Salaries and discretionary performance pay.
 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind.

Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind.

Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind.

Contributions to MPF schemes and variable pay.

Accommodation and other allowances, retirement benefit and staff-related expenses.

Discretionary pay and retirement scheme contributions.

Retirement scheme contribution and variable remuneration related to performance.

# Proposed remuneration package for PAOs Serving in the Fifth-Term HKSAR Government (2017 to 2022)

(1) Cash remuneration (adjustment by 12.4%<sup>1</sup>, which is equivalent to the cumulative increase in CPI(C) from 2012 to 2016)

Position	Monthly (Annual) (H)	Pay differential	
	Current	Proposed <sup>2</sup>	
CS	330,565 (3,966,780)	371,550 (4,458,600)	3.5% above FS
FS	319,385 (3,832,620)	359,000 (4,308,000)	3.5% above SJ
SJ	308,585 (3,703,020)	346,850 (4,162,200)	3.5% above DoB
DoB	298,115	335,100	-
DCEO	(3,577,380)	(4,021,200)	
DDoB	193,775 – 223,585 (2,325,300 – 2,683,020)	217,800 – 251,350 (2,613,600 – 3,016,200)	65%, 70% or 75% of DoB
PA	104,340 (1,252,080)	117,300 <sup>3</sup> (1,407,600)	Not more than 35% of DoB

The year-on-year percentage changes in CPI(C) from 2012 to 2016 were 3.8%, 3.5%, 2.1% and 2.5% (estimate) respectively. The cumulative change in CPI(C) from 2012 to 2016 is thus estimated to be 12.4%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> All figures are calculated based on the percentage differences with the DoB's remuneration.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> PA's remuneration proposed to be capped at 35% of a DoB's remuneration in the new term.

#### (2) Other benefits

In addition to cash remuneration, PAOs are also eligible for –

- (a) annual leave of 22 days per annum;
- (b) medical and dental benefits on the same basis as those provide to civil servants during the term of their employment;
- (c) Mandatory Provident Fund contribution by the Government;
- (d) use of a car and driver when in Hong Kong at his/her discretion for each of the SoDs and DoBs as well as for the Director of the CE's Office. Departmental transport for DDoBs is provided by relevant policy bureaux/offices from their internal resources; and
- (e) an official residence with domestic staff and a non-accountable entertainment allowance for each of the SoDs.