

Appendix

Incubation period (period from infection to appearance of illness) of measles ranges from seven days to up to 21 days. The general public who has visited the public places during the period listed below should observe if they develop relevant symptoms, such as fever, skin rash, cough, runny nose and red eyes in seven to 21 days (medical surveillance period). If symptoms arise, they should wear surgical masks, stop going to work or school and avoid going to crowded places. They should also avoid contact with non-immune persons, especially persons with weakened immunity, pregnant women and children aged below one. Those suspected to have infected are advised to seek medical attention as early as possible. If they need to visit any health care facilities during the period of medical surveillance, they should also report whether they have symptoms and prior measles exposure history to the healthcare workers so that appropriate infection control measures can be implemented at the concerned healthcare facilities to prevent any potential spread.

List of public places the measles patient visited during the period of communicability:

	Date	Time	Place	End of medical surveillance for contacts
Male/ aged 42	September 26	11:00 – 19: 00	Lo Wu Control Point	October 17
	September 27	06:20 – 15: 20	Lo Wu Control Point	October 18
	September 28	14:30 – 23:30	Lo Wu Control Point	October 19
	September 30	06:20 – 15: 20	Lo Wu Control Point	October 21
		16:18 – 17:25	St. Teresa’s Hospital Out Patient Department	
		18:05 – 23:59	Accident and Emergency Department at Queen Elizabeth Hospital	
	October 1	00:00 – 23:59	Accident and Emergency Department at Queen Elizabeth Hospital	October 22

	October 2	00:00 – 14:31	Accident and Emergency Department at Queen Elizabeth Hospital	October 23
		14:32 – 23:59	Ward E6 at Queen Elizabeth Hospital	
	October 3	00:00 – 23:59	Ward E6 at Queen Elizabeth Hospital	October 24
	October 4	00:00 – 23:59	Ward E6 at Queen Elizabeth Hospital	October 25