

Indicators for Strengthening Primary Healthcare

This Annex sets out the key performance indicators (KPIs) relating to primary healthcare initiatives, to facilitate the tracking of progress and effectiveness and making of timely improvements.

- Strengthen co-ordination and governance of primary healthcare services provision across the public and private sectors, set standards and devise quality assurance mechanisms by establishing the Primary Healthcare Authority **in 2024**.
- Launch a three-year Chronic Disease Co-care Pilot Scheme **from 2023** under which District Health Centres (DHCs) will refer people who are screened to be at high risk of hypertension or diabetes mellitus to the private sector for further examination and appropriate treatment.
- Enhance the Elderly Health Care Voucher Scheme by rolling out a three year pilot scheme **from 2023** through increasing the annual voucher amount from the existing \$2,000 to **\$2,500¹**.
- Conduct **140 000** health assessments for members of DHCs **by Q4 2023**.
- Increase the annual quota of subsidised out-patient services provided at Chinese Medicine Clinics cum Training and Research Centres from about 600 000 to **800 000 by end-2023**.
- Provide **800** government-subsidised training places in primary healthcare for healthcare professionals **by Q4 2023**.
- Add sub-directories for physiotherapist in Primary Care Directory **in 2023**.
- Establish the working group on the development of dental care services **by end-2022**.

¹ The additional \$500 will be allotted to the elder's accounts upon their claiming at least \$1,000 from the voucher for designated primary healthcare services, such as disease prevention and health management, and the additional amount should also be used for those designated services.

- The HPV vaccination coverage rate of Primary Five and Six female students will be increased from 82% to over **90% by 2026**.
- The quota of mammography screening at subsidised rates for eligible women who are assessed to be at an increased risk of developing breast cancer will be increased by **over 160%**, from 6 000 to **16 000, by 2026**.
- To maintain overall coverage rate of vaccines for pre-school and school children at **95% or above** under the Hong Kong Childhood Immunisation Programme.