Eligibility criteria of Phase II of the BCSPP

- Women aged between 35 and 74¹
- Asymptomatic of breast cancer
- No history of breast cancer
- Being at high risk of breast cancer, including
 - Carriers of certain genetic mutation(s) with increased lifetime risk of developing breast cancer, as confirmed by genetic testing. The genes covered include:
 - ❖ BARD1, BRCA1, BRCA2, CDH1, NF1, PALB2, PTEN, STK11, TP53

OR

- With strong family history of breast or ovarian cancer¹, such as:
 - any first-degree female relative is a confirmed carrier of BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutations
 - any first- or second-degree female relative with both breast cancer and ovarian cancer
 - * any first-degree female relative with bilateral breast cancer
 - any male relative with a history of breast cancer
 - ❖ 2 first-degree female relatives with breast cancer AND one of them being diagnosed at age ≤50 years
 - ❖ ≥2 first- or second-degree female relatives with ovarian cancer
 - ❖ ≥3 first- or second-degree female relatives with breast cancer OR a combination of breast cancer and ovarian cancer
- No mammography screening within the past one year, or due for mammography screening as advised by her doctor
- Holder of a Hong Kong Identity Card or a Certificate of Exemption
- Registered in the Electronic Health Record Sharing System (eHealth)

¹ For those with family history of breast or ovarian cancer, screening may begin 10 years prior to the age at which their youngest relative was diagnosed (but not earlier than age 30), i.e. (i) if the youngest diagnosed age in the family is at or less than 40 years of age, eligible women can start breast cancer screening as early as 30 years old; (ii) if the youngest diagnosed age in the family is 41 years old, eligible women should start screening ten years earlier based on the age of diagnosis (i.e.at 31 years of age at the earliest).